re imagine arm end reserve the alternative vision



REHABILITATION NOTES

Rehabilitation principles include:

- Where walking tracks are close to the foreshore or on high cliff tops, the views will be preserved by planting low vegetation between the tracks and the coastline, using grasses, sags and low coastal shrubs and creepers
- -Tall vegetation such as she-oak and eucalypt trees and taller shrubs will be planted away from the coastal perimeter This vegetation will also be planted on the lower slopes of the hills so as to retain the hill and ridgeline outlines
- Natural regeneration of trees, which is mainly happening around the coastal perimeter, will be left
- Revegetation process will be expensive and by necessity will take place slowly, with perhaps 25 to 50 percent of the reserve's cleared land being revegetated over ten years. Any impact in this time on the coastal views will be minimal and any negative changes can be detected and corrected.
- Any impacts on native species inhabiting boxthorn will require prior rehabilitated areas, eg habitat for penguins and small birds
- Revegetation will in many places provide shelter from prevailing westerly winds providing more pleasant places that walkers can rest and eat their lunch

Estuarine wetland establishment:

- Rehabilitate existing estaurine wetland at the norhern tip with endemic species
- Establish a small wetland in the existing disused quarry
- Provide wildlife with water drinking resources via wildlife watering drinking 'fountains' as developed by Arid Recovery prior to establishment of small wetlands
- Create small wetlands in exisiting depressions where reeds are currently growing and make waterproof with water resistant membrane linings

KEY



Coastal grassland Poa grasses Lomandra



Casuarina woodland Casuarina Banksia Dodonaea - native hop



Low coastal shrubland Oznothamnus varieties Leucopogon Correa varieties



Mixed eucalypt woodland Eucalypt Acacias varieties Bursaria



Saltmarsh Samphire Saltbush Poa grasses